Two-thirds of sewage in urban areas flow into rivers untreated: Panel

Says Cleaning Could Cost ₹1.8 Lakh Cr

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New Delhi: The government is focusing on managing sewage in towns/cities on the banks of the Ganga, but it could be facing an even bigger difficulty.

A parliamentary panel has expressed its concern at the massive problem of discharge of 'untreated' filth into rivers which requires a huge amount of money (Rs 1,10,000 crore to 1,80,000 crore) for setting up additional sewage treatment plants (STPs) to save these critical water bodies across the country.

The panel, which submitted its report to the Parliament during the budget session, has also noted that nearly two-thirds of the sewage generat-

COST TO TREAT THE WASTE Countrywide status of sewage in urban areas Total sewage generated: 57,233 MLD 21,478 MLD 36.875 MLD > Average cost of laving down sewage network and construction of STPs | ₹3-5 crore per MLD Number of STPs | 602 > Total cost to the exchequer to bridge the gap | Non-operational STPs | 77 ₹1.10,000-₹1,80,000 crore (capacity: 1119 MLD) MLD=million litres per day (Source: CPCB 2014-15 report) ated in 118 towns, located in ed in urban areas across the the Ganga river basin, also country goes into rivers ungets discharged into the river treated, leaving the water boduntreated. A recent governies severely polluted.

Incidentally, more than

two-third of the sewage gener-

ment report has noted that

these towns collectively gener-

ate over 3,636 million litres per day (MLD) of sewage as against the treatment capacity of approximately 1,027 MLD of the existing 55 STPs in these towns spread over five states.

The government has already approved Rs 20,000 crore for Ganga cleaning as part of its overall rejuvenation plan. But, the fate of other rivers is yet to be decided by the Centre with matching

financial support.

Questioning the Centre for not adequately funding its plan to conserve rest of the rivers in the country under the National River Conservation Plan, the panel - departmentrelated parliamentary standing committee on science & technology and environment & forests - noted that the government had merely made a provision of Rs 40 crore for the financial year 2015-16 which is not sufficient even for the ongoing sanctioned works under the National River Conservation Plan.

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